# Data Recipient Report for the Janssen Clinical Trial Data Set 56021927ARN-509-003

"A Study of Apalutamide (ARN-509) in Men With Non-Metastatic Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer (SPARTAN)"

Product Name	ERLEADA
Active Substance	Apalutamide
Dataset Type	SDTM
Other Study Identifier	SPARTAN
Study Code	56021927ARN-509-003
NCT Number	NCT01946204
Reporting Effort	FINAL OS
Version	5.0
Date	November 13, 2024

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#### 1 Introduction

The purpose of this project was to perform anonymization of the Janssen 56021927ARN-509-003 clinical trial data set.

The anonymization of this data set was performed to allow the data to be shared with external research teams. Access to clinical trial data provides opportunities to conduct further research that can help advance medical science and improve patient care. This helps ensure the data provided by study participants are used to maximum effect in the creation of knowledge and improving patient care. The data release is subject to certain criteria being met, including a requirement to effectively anonymize the data.

Statistical anonymization was used to preserve the utility required by recipients, while accounting for the context of the data sharing scenario [2]. Unlike a rules-based framework that removes dates (except years) and aggregates all ages over 89 as 90 or older, such as HIPAA Safe Harbor, this approach is adaptive to population distributions, sample size, and the desired utility of the anonymized data.

The data sharing environment and contracts in place with the data recipient are assumed to be at a level which would result in a Privacy and Security Context Assessment score of High and a Recipient Trust Context Assessment score of Medium.

This report describes the anonymization approach used for the study 56021927ARN-509-003, based on the reidentification risk determination that was performed on the data.

#### 1.1 Data Set Model

The data set described in this report for study 56021927ARN-509-003 was received in the Study Data Tabulation Model (SDTM) standard. For more information on this standard see <a href="https://www.cdisc.org/standards/foundational/sdtm">https://www.cdisc.org/standards/foundational/sdtm</a>

#### 1.2 Definitions

Definitions of key terms (such as the different types of identifiers) and acronyms are provided in Section A *Definitions*. Additional terms and definitions are provided elsewhere [1].

## 2 Anonymization Process

#### 2.1 Use of Software

The analysis described in this report was performed using a re-identification risk measurement software application.

#### 2.2 Supporting Documentation

The following documents were provided to assist with the analysis:

- 56021927ARN-509-003 Transformation Summary
- Annotated CRF

#### 2.3 Output Format of Anonymized Datasets

All dataset anonymization was performed within the SAS (Statistical Analysis System) native data file format (extension ".sas7bdat"). Datasets received in SAS version 5 (V5) or version 8 (V8) transport file format (extension ".xpt") must first be converted to .sas7bdat for processing. Following de-identification, all datasets are converted from .sas7bdat to .xpt for delivery. For datasets originally received in .xpt format, this conversion should not pose a problem. However, for datasets received in non-xpt format, inherent limitations in the .xpt format may require modifications.

Based on the definition of the format, conversion of a dataset to XPT transport file format may require modification of the following in the anonymized datasets:

- 1. Shortening the dataset names,
- 2. Shortening variable names in the datasets,
- 3. Shortening dataset or variable labels,
- 4. Splitting long character values into new variables.

#### 2.4 Transformations

In order to bring the risk of re-identification below the determined threshold, some transformations were required on the dataset. The transformations are described based on the indirect identifiers used in the risk measurement. In all cases, modifications to these indirect identifiers are applied to all other linked fields, e.g. where country is suppressed, fields containing brand- or region-specific drug names will also be suppressed as they are linked to geography.

The anonymization strategy required the following modifications to the original datasets:

Transformation
Masked
Suppressed
Suppressed
PHUSE shifted
Generalized to 5-year intervals
Suppressed

#### 2.5 Implemented Transformation Types

The following data transformations have been applied in this dataset:

**Masking** Masking of the unique subject ID was performed using Format-Preserving Encryption (FPE). This type of encryption creates an encrypted value that has the same length as the original ID.

Generalization Reduce the precision of a field.

For this specific project, the age of subjects was generalized to 5-year intervals. Table 1 summarizes the mapping of age to generalized age for age greater or equal to 0 years.

Age (Years)	Generalized Age Value (Years) (AGE)
$0 \le Age < 5$	0
$5 \leq Age < 10$	5
$10 \leq Age < 15$	10
$15 \le Age < 20$	15
$80 \le Age < 85$	80
$85 \le Age < 90$	85
$90 \le Age < 95$	90
$95 \leq Age < 100$	95

Table 1: Age generalization

**PHUSE date shifting** Offset a date value according to the scheme defined in the Pharmaceutical Users Software Exchange (PHUSE) CDISC SDTM anonymization standard [3]. This scheme determines a delta

for each patient based on a difference between a date in the trial available for all patients (in this case the first visit date) and an anchor date (in this case, 19 September 2013).

**Suppression** The original value is replaced with an empty cell. The following types of suppression were applied for this project:

**global suppression (GS):** Occurs when risk measurement determines that no suitable generalized value can be retained and all values in the column are therefore suppressed.

parameter-value suppression (PV): Occurs when values in a column are suppressed based on the values of a parameter-column in the same dataset. For example, a vital sign dataset may include a parameter-column specifying the type of measurement such as "systolic blood pressure", "height", "weight" and "temperature", and one or more value-columns containing the values of the measurements (for example, height measured in centimeters when the parameter is "height"). Parameter-value suppression occurs when all values in the value-column associated with one or more identifiers in the parameter-column are suppressed as part of the anonymization strategy.

Please see the file "56021927ARN-509-003 Transformation Summary.csv" for a catalog of all transformations applied to the dataset.

## 3 Conclusions

The re-identification risk of the Janssen 56021927ARN-509-003 clinical trial database, after the anonymization as described in this report, is below the data risk threshold given the assumed level of mitigating controls and motives and capacity in the context of the data sharing environment.

### References

- [1] Khaled El Emam. Guide to the De-Identification of Personal Health Information. CRC Press (Auerbach), 2013.
- [2] International Standards Organization. ISO/IEC 27559:2022: Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection Privacy enhancing data de-identification framework. Technical report, ISO, 2022.
- [3] PhUSE De-Identification Working Group. De-Identification Standards for CDISC SDTM 3.2. Technical report, 2015.
- [4] Pierangela Samarati. Protecting Respondents' Identities in Microdata Release. *IEEE Transactions on Knowledge and Data Engineering*, 13(6):1010–1027, 2001.
- [5] L. Sweeney. k-Anonymity: A Model for Protecting Privacy. *International Journal on Uncertainty, Fuzziness and Knowledge-based Systems*, 10(5):557–570, 2002.

#### **A** Definitions

#### A.1 Acronyms

FPE Format-Preserving Encryption

PHUSE Pharmaceutical Users Software Exchange

**SDTM** Study Data Tabulation Model

#### A.2 Identifiers

It is useful to differentiate among the different types of variables in a disclosed data set or document. The way the variables are handled during the risk measurement and anonymization process will depend on how they are categorized.

A distinction is made among three types of variables [4, 5]:

**Directly identifying variables.** One or more direct identifiers can be used to uniquely identify an individual, either by themselves or in combination with other readily available information. In clinical trial data sets and documents, the only patient direct identifier will likely be the subject ID. There will be direct identifiers pertaining to staff and investigators; however, these are treated differently than patient information.

**Indirectly identifying variables.** The indirect identifiers are attributes that, together with other attributes that can be in the dataset or external to it, enable unique identification of a data subject within a specific operational context.

Examples of indirect identifiers include sex, date of birth or age, locations (such as postal codes, census geography, information about proximity to known or unique landmarks), language spoken at home, ethnic origin, aboriginal identity, total years of schooling, marital status, criminal history, total income, visible minority status, event dates (such as admission, discharge, procedure, death, specimen collection, visit/encounter), codes (such as diagnosis codes, procedure codes, and adverse event codes), country of birth, birth weight, and birth plurality.

**Other variables.** These are the variables that are not really useful for determining an individual's identity. They may be clinically relevant or not.

#### A.3 Glossary

data recipient The data recipient is the researcher who accesses the anonymized data to perform an analysis.

**Privacy and Security Context Assessment** A questionnaire that evaluates the privacy and security controls in place for a data recipient.

**Recipient Trust Context Assessment** A questionnaire that evaluates the motives, capacity, and contracts in place with regard to data recipient performing a re-identification attack.

## B Datasets Delivered in 56021927ARN-509-003

Dataset	Number of Rows
ADSL	2132
ADTTEEF	11534
AE	15864
BE	1358
CE	87249
CM	29906
СО	26372
CPRC1	170
DA	108636
DM	2132
DS	6861
DV	162
EG	7615
EX	32890
FA	14625
НО	3200
IE	1004
LB	855378
MH	14682
ML	56
PC	13327
PF	42212
PR	50457
QS	1033185
RELREC	59006
RS	6475
SE	4818

SG   2263     SUPPAE   33478     SUPPCE   492     SUPPCM   239730     SUPPDA   73737     SUPPDM   13694     SUPPDS   3439     SUPPEG   3992     SUPPEX   12770     SUPPFA   66     SUPPHO   11671     SUPPLB   9     SUPPPF   139935     SUPPRS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607     XS   6013	Dataset	Number of Rows
SUPPCE   492     SUPPCM   239730     SUPPDA   73737     SUPPDM   13694     SUPPDS   3439     SUPPEG   3992     SUPPEX   12770     SUPPFA   66     SUPPHO   11671     SUPPLB   9     SUPPPR   139935     SUPPPR   3180     SUPPRS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SG	2263
SUPPCM   239730     SUPPDA   73737     SUPPDM   13694     SUPPDS   3439     SUPPEG   3992     SUPPEX   12770     SUPPFA   66     SUPPHO   11671     SUPPLB   9     SUPPPF   139935     SUPPRS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPAE	33478
SUPPDA   73737     SUPPDM   13694     SUPPDS   3439     SUPPEG   3992     SUPPEX   12770     SUPPFA   66     SUPPHO   11671     SUPPLB   9     SUPPPF   139935     SUPPPR   3180     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPCE	492
SUPPDM   13694     SUPPDS   3439     SUPPEG   3992     SUPPEX   12770     SUPPEA   66     SUPPHO   11671     SUPPLB   9     SUPPPF   139935     SUPPPR   3180     SUPPRS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPCM	239730
SUPPES   3439     SUPPES   3992     SUPPEX   12770     SUPPFA   66     SUPPHO   11671     SUPPLB   9     SUPPPF   139935     SUPPPR   3180     SUPPQS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPDA	73737
SUPPEG   3992     SUPPEX   12770     SUPPFA   66     SUPPHO   11671     SUPPLB   9     SUPPPF   139935     SUPPPR   3180     SUPPQS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPDM	13694
SUPPEX   12770     SUPPFA   66     SUPPHO   11671     SUPPLB   9     SUPPPF   139935     SUPPPR   3180     SUPPQS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPDS	3439
SUPPFA   66     SUPPHO   11671     SUPPLB   9     SUPPPF   139935     SUPPPR   3180     SUPPQS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPEG	3992
SUPPHO   11671     SUPPLB   9     SUPPPF   139935     SUPPPR   3180     SUPPQS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPEX	12770
SUPPLB   9     SUPPPF   139935     SUPPPR   3180     SUPPQS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPFA	66
SUPPPF   139935     SUPPPR   3180     SUPPQS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPHO	11671
SUPPPR   3180     SUPPQS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPLB	9
SUPPQS   1206     SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPPF	139935
SUPPRS   12950     SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPPR	3180
SUPPSG   1077     SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPQS	1206
SUPPTU   1714     SV   40795     TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPRS	12950
SV 40795   TA 9   TE 6   TI 274   TR 3697   TS 90   TU 1996   TV 166   VS 149921   XI 47607	SUPPSG	1077
TA   9     TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SUPPTU	1714
TE   6     TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	SV	40795
TI   274     TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	TA	9
TR   3697     TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	TE	6
TS   90     TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	TI	274
TU   1996     TV   166     VS   149921     XI   47607	TR	3697
TV 166   VS 149921   XI 47607	TS	90
VS     149921       XI     47607	TU	1996
XI 47607	TV	166
	VS	149921
XS 6013	XI	47607
	XS	6013

Dataset	Number of Rows
XT	16696
XZ	3877
ZR	8449

**Table 2:** List tables considered and the number of rows in each.